### REFLECTIONS

Moral, Comical, Satyrical, &c.

#### ONTHE

#### VICES and FOLLIES of the AGE.

#### CONTAINING,

1. A Satyr against the Luxury of the Town in Eating and Drinking.

II. Serjeant Sharp's last Will and Testament.

III. A Character of Great Britain. Translated from an ancient German Latin Poet,

IV. In Praise of London. Translated from the Learned Dr. Johnston of St. Andrew's.

V. Sir Wou'd be thought Great.

VI. On a pleasant busy Life.

VII. On Vertue and Vice.

VIII. On Worldly Pleasures.

IX. On Human Passions.

X. A Prologue against the French and Italian Singing and Dancing.

XI. On Mrs. Cludde walking every Night in St. James's Park.

XII. The Rake's Lodging.

XIII. Advice to a New-marry'd Friend.

XIV. On the Death of a Lady's Nightingail in the beginning of Winter.

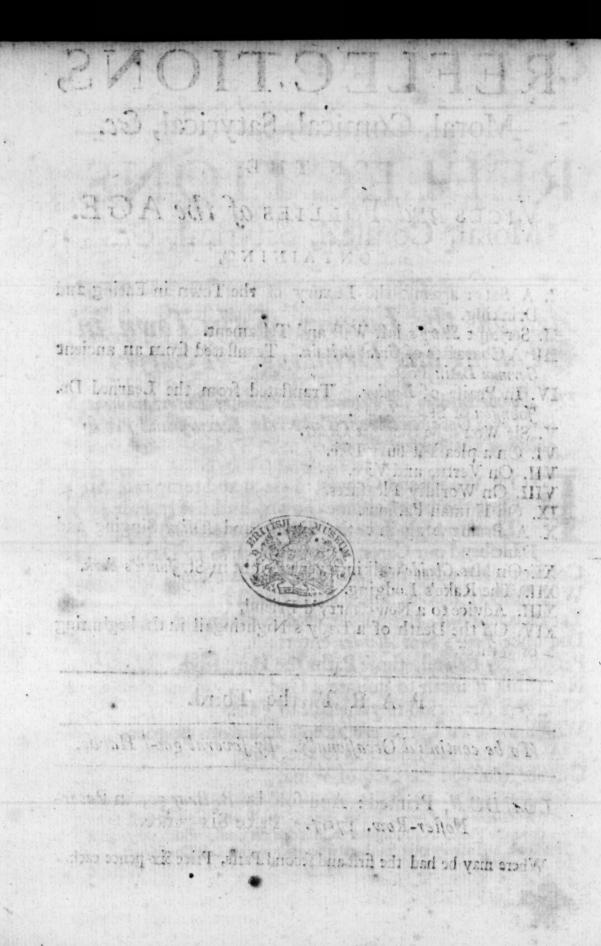
#### PART the Third.

To be continued Occasionally. By several good Hands.

LONDON, Printed: And fold by B. Bragge, in Pater-Noster-Row. 1707. Price Six-pence.

Where may be had the first and second Parts, Price Six-pence each,-





### REFLECTIONS,

Moral, Comical, Satyrical, &c.

#### Against the Luxury of the Town in Eating and Drinking. A Satyr.

The Author invites his Friend to a Country Entertainment. and takes Occasion to reflect upon the Luxury and Prodigality of the present Times.

OR Woods and Groves, a cle n and temp rate Air Quit the unwholfome Town, and fickly Fair Then to high fove we will Libations (a) pay, Unbend our Cares, and boldly live to Day. Content with what my Household Gods afford, With homely Difhes, and a rural Board: Yet fuch an Host, so humble, and so plain, Did once Jove's Son Alcides entertain. Perfue, my Friend, those Paths the Hero trod, Nor think it mean to imitate a God. Now give Attention to your Bill of Fare, Which my own Lands produce, and Swains prepare. A Kid, not yet injurious to the Vine,

Unable to offend the God of Wine,

<sup>(</sup>a) The Greeks and Romans, before their folemn Feasts, us'd to spill some Wine upon the Floor, as a Religious Sacrifice to the Gods, which they call'd a Libation; and afterwards drank very heartily with a fafe Conscience. Whole

Whose tender Vessels only Milk contain, (b) That never browz'd upon the verdant Plain: To break her Hold, the thoughtless Wanton tries, Sports on the Green, and plays before the dies. A dozen Pidgeons, tender, plump, and young, As fat as those to Venus (e) did belong, Piled in a Dish upon a verdant Bed Of 'Sparagus, and juicy Spinage spread. To gather thefe, my ruddy Household Maid Afide her Distaff and her Spinning lay'd Forfook her Bed before the rifing Sun, And left the Busness of the Farm undone. Here's roafted Eggs, took from contorted Hay And Mother Hens, which once those Eggs did lay. Nor think me cruel, and of Temper hard, If murder'd Beans (d) are boil'd with blushing Lard. The fav'ry Animals I'll boldly kill, Let the Crotoman Sage preach what he will. A Ham shall lie extended o'er the Slain, 119 od 1 1110 Of fuel a Boar as rang d the Atolian Plain. Whose fiery Blood first Atalanta drew, 119 111 Whom Melonger, (e) and that fair One flew! I'll w 1001110

(h) Juvenal's Expression on Such an Occasion, Qui plur thetis habet quant fanguinis.

(c) Venus was drawn in her Chariot by Doves or Pidgeons. The Reason thele Birds were facred to that Goddefs, was, because in their Natures they are extreamly amorous.

(e) Meleager and Atalanta kill'd the famous Boar which ravag'd the Atolian Plains. Meleager fell in Love with Atalanta for her Valour shewn in We up on the Proor, as a Keligious Stad to yusin abiswratts lone, another, sent.

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<sup>(</sup>d) Pythagoras was a Philosopher of great Reputation. He taught his Doctrine of the Transmigration of Souls at Croton in Italy; thence is call'd the Crotonian Sage! He believed, that the Souls of Men not only transmit grated into Beaits, but also into Beans; and therefore held it Murder in a double Sense, to eat a Dish of Beans and Bacon. The Word Lard, is the proper Name for Bacon, and is us'd always in this Sense in Larin.

Lastly, a Friend has twice two Rabbits brought, Which with laborious Sport the Hunters caught. Onions (f) for these, my fertile Beds produce, Which boil'd to Sauce, their Gypfy Godheads lofe. I'll add, to make the Entertainment rare, The Persian Apples (g) and Burgundian Pear; Rich spicy Plumbs, whose azure Beauties shine, And purple Grapes, big with Autumnal Wine. So far'd our Youth, when France with Sorrow knew The dreadful Force of our retorted Eugh, And English Edward threescore thousand slew; When with her flaughter'd Sons the Sein was dy'd, And hated Wounds encreas'd the mournful Tyde. Our Nobles then, infensible of Fear, Adorn'd the glitt'ring Helm and pointed Spear, And only rich, did to their Foes appear. The vanquish'd Gaul, stretch'd on the purple Field, Beheld the Conquerors Silver Cask and Shield, With fad Concern, that foon must die or yield. Now like the French we drefs, like French-men eat, And mimick Slaves fo oft our Fathers beat. His Lordship now decays before he's green, Vicious at Twelve, and aged at Eighteen. Now at Pontack's the Knighted Fop must dine, Where French Ragou's commend th' unwholfome Wine 5 For foreign Soups, and unsubstantial Meat, He spends a Farm at one luxurious Treat. Larger than that did frugal Curius (b) hold, Who beat the Samnites, and despis'd their Gold. In a low Cottage, humble, chaft, and poor, Young dirty Confuls play'd upon the Floor;

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<sup>(</sup>f) The Agyptians worshipp'd Onions.
(g) Peaches are call'd Persian Apples; they originally came from Asia, and were always call'd by that Name by the Romans.

Hungry;

Hungry, on Roots the small Patricians din'd, To conquer Kings by conscious Fate design'd. The Warlike Father cook'd this homely Feast, And dress'd soft Parsnips for his wanton Guests; With the same Hands the bold Tarentines soil'd, And often view'd 'em, least they should be spoil'd.

Now ev'ry Fop expects to fup in State,
Rich by his Crimes, by Fraud or Murder great.
Tastles is Venison, and the noblest Fish,
If angry Pards bear not the Silver Dish,
And Rosy Maids unfully'd Damask lay,
As broad and white as yonder Milky Way.

To please each Sense, to foreign Worlds we haste, Persume our Wines, and by our Smell, we taste. Odors and Gums the happy Arabs spare, Whose azure Fumes enrich the ambient Air, And bribe the Gods to hear neglected Pray'r. Now Ceylon (i) Spice, Anchovies, Spain bestows; For us the Orange and the Limon grows. To setch Caviar, we found Geneva's (k) Lake, And our own Climes luxuriously forsake. The Greecians Oil, the Germans Hams afford, Calabria (1) Wine, to chear the wanton Lord.

<sup>(</sup>h) Curius, three times Consul, overcome the Samnites, Tarentines, and Phyrrus, King of Macedonia. When the Samnites had a Request to the Senate, they apply'd themselves by their Ambassadors to Curius for his Friendship and good Offices: And that these Ambassadors might succeed the better, they carry'd with themselves considerable Tresent: They found the samous General sitting amongst his dirty Children, and boiling of Parsnips, yet he refus'd the Gold that was proffer'd him, and generously serv'd those he had vanguish'd, without it.

<sup>(</sup>i) The best Cinnamon comes from the Island Ceylon, in the East Indies.

<sup>(</sup>k) The Lake of Geneva, famous for Sturgeon.

(l) Calabria is a Province belonging to the Kingdom of Naples, remarkable for an excellent fort of Tent.

We touch each Shore for something dearly nice, To please our Palates, and indulge our Vice. High-relish'd Sauce, unknown in happier 1 imes, We fetch from Spain, and Sun-burn'd Indian Climes. Bambooes and Mangoes loaded Nature wafte, Decay our Strength, yet urge the weary'd Taste. Curse on the Slaves did first our Manners stain, Who made substantial Beef be boil'd in vain, And did our Boards with Fricassees profane. Our Nobles now abhor a manly Treat, (Fine Tea's their Drink, and Chocolate their Meat) And fight with just such Stomachs as they eat. I know, my Friend, your Humour fcorns a Race, Whose fordid Acts the generous Dead disgrace. Abandon then the noify buffling Town, The praying Surplice, and litigious Gown, And folemn Fops, whose mercenary Breath, Or Justice blunts, or whets the Sword of Death. Let conscious Matrons without blushing sit, View guilty Scenes, and a polluted Pit. Sparing of Love, free of the worst Disease, Let thoughtless' Squires Autumnal B——ry please: As high her Blood and Inclinations run, The fame her Fires, that Circe (m) once did burn, And well the acts the Daughter of the Sun. Small Force there needs, to make her play her Part; She follows Nature, and forgets her Art. Soft Imoinda's (n) tender Air despise; Beware the Force of her defigning Eyes: She fells her Vertue, and Complexion buys.

rally perform'd by Mrs. B--ry, with Applause.
(2) Imoinda is a Name us'd by Mr. Southern in the Tragely of Oronoko.

The Part was very often acted by Mrs. B ----.

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<sup>(</sup>m) Circe was the Daughter of the Sun, and Cuckelded her Husband. Play of that Name was writ by Dr. Davenant. The Part of Circe was gene-

Who thinks her chaft, perchance may be mistook Her Innocence is only in her Look. Let Betterton, like bold Varanes, (o) rage, Or Athenais (p) with foft Words affwage; Far from his Ears abhorrent Nature flies; Twice (kill'd by him) the Persian Hero dies. Should Lee revive. He'd rave again, and (frantick) break his Heart, To fee old Nestor (q) act Ziphares's (r) Part: For whatfoe'er He's by his Tinfel Kings and Monarch's told, Their Queens and Maids of Honour find him old; Then fly to Meads, where Limes and Myrtle grows, Where Flora all her various Beauties shows, Fears in the Lilly, blushes in the Rose. Permit these glitt'ring Scenes and gilded Toys, To amorous Ladies and luxurious Boys: Let no distracting Cares invade your Mind, But leave the Bus'ness of the World behind. If any Thoughts with Mirth but ill agree, Difmiss th' Intruders to the Baltick Sea. Tho' Chloe's Drefs, and wild diforder'd Hair, Confess her Crime, and Love's Impression bear; Or tho' a Friend was at Almanza flain, Regretting Sighs teaze but the Gods in vain. Broad is the Road to Ceres (s) grizly Son, His Brazen Gates on ready Hinges turn: But none departed, e'er could find a Way Back to return, and view the chearful Day:

(s) Pluto, the fictitious God of Hell, marry'd the Daughter of Ceres.

<sup>(</sup>o p) Varanes and Athenais are the two chief Characters in Mr. Lee's Force of Love. Mr. Betterton generally acted Varanes, the young Prince of Persia.

<sup>(</sup>q) Nestor was a Person that is said to have liv'd three hundred Years.
(r) Ziphares is the Son of Mithridates in the Play of that Name, his Part was generally acted by Mr. Betterton.

Nor be concern'd that G-n Measures soon Oblig'd the brave Eugene to quit Toulon. (t) Suppose their Lines the timerous French defend. And Autumn's Winds the unactive Summer end; Admit the Hussars (u) with the Poles combin'd In feederal Leagues, with folemn Sanctions join'd; What, tho' the Greeks (x) fustein the unequal Force Of European Foot (y) and Afian Horse; The flow Venetians late will grant them Aid, When with the Ground their Walls are level lay'd, And Turkifb Moons are on their Tow'rs display'd. What is to come, the Gods will best direct, The Guilty ruin, and the Good protect. Let's take th' Occasion bounteous Heav'n does give; Lost to Mankind, we to our Selves will live: Twelve Flasks of Cyder stand upon the Floor, And for to Morrow I've a dozen more. The racy Juice Sabrina's Stream convey'd, And has two Winters in my Vaults been lay'd. One ancient Tub of potent gen'rous Beer Does by it felf in a lone Cell appear:

No faucy Maid with Piercer durst distrain Its facred Charge, and rev'rend Head profane. A spacious Sea the well-hoop'd Cask contains,

the Siege of Toulon.
(u) Hustars are Hungarian Horse-men.

erfia.

Part

Vor

<sup>(</sup>x) 'Tis thought by a great many People, that the Preparations the Turks are now making, are against the Morea, inhabited by Greeks, Vasials to the Venetians.

<sup>(</sup>y) The Troops that generally compose the Turkish Armies, at least those Forces which the Commanders depend on, are the Foot rais'd in Europe, and the Horse in Asia.

Liquor more strong ne'er Country 'Squire o'erthrew, Nor in a Horn the jolly Butler drew. Untouch'd it flands, and is referv'd for you. A nobler Feast the Muses have in store, Which will instruct and entertain you more. Great Spencer here in easy Numbers tells The various Seats where Truth and Falfehood Dwells. Waller, in Language exquisitely rare, Records the Actions of the Great and Fair. Milton's strong Muse perchance sublimer flies, Luciferan Worlds detects, and ravag'd Skies. Ingenious Creech, with penetrating Sight, Surveys old Chaos, and the Realms of Night, And fings what Atoms form the Seeds of Light. With my Requests, Fove's beauteous Daughters (2) join, Expect you here, and mix their Vows with mine. Thus by the Muses and our Friendship blest, A mod'rate Glass shall charm our Minds to Rest; Our chearful Nights shall be exempt from Sorrow, And free from Broils, to make us fad to Morrow.

(z) The Muses.

## Serjeant Sharp's last Will and Testa-

SEiz'd on by Death, 'gainst whom no Error lies; Blind to our Fears, and senseless to our Cries; Who no Imparlance (a) grants, nor gives a Day; And whose Proceedings no Injunctions stay.

<sup>(</sup>a) Imparlance is Time given to the Defendant to plead.

Vexatious Suits and Tryals to prevent, Thus I declare my Will and Testament.

This mould'ring Clay to Mother Earth I leave, (The filial Dust indulgently receive)

To be interr'd

Augition .

Where votive Knights (b) in Marble Armour sleep, And, far from Turks, a long Possession keep; Where my departed Brothers wait their Doom, Expecting what they wish may never come.

As to my Soul, I leave the fubtle Flame
To the eternal Source, from whence it came:
Not that I think my Mind will upwards move,
Or view the Vales and flow'ry Meads above;
But otherwise to pen a Will, is odd;

Tis but for Form fome L—s mention G—d.

As for th' Estate industr'ously I've gain'd

By Fraud or Force, or legal Arts obtain'd;

Half of my Lands, which furious Humber laves,

For ever green by its contiguous Waves,

Whose fertile Vales the happy Farmer bless;

'Tis my Intent litigious Priests posses,

Whose Zeal their Flock with Chequer-Writs (c) persues,

For robbing Heav'n of Tythes and spiritual Dues.

Tis just, when Knaves such impious Methods take,

They should the Church due Satisfaction make,

Which goes to Law for G—d A——y's Sake.

They well deserve the legal Pain they meet,

Who of Tythe-Pigs their rev'rend Pastors chear;

And facrilegiously their Capons eat.

(c) 'Tis a great Fault in some of the Clergy, that too frequently go to Law for small Tythes, and very inconsiderable Trilles.

That

<sup>(</sup>b) Some of the Knights Templers lie bury'd in the Temple Church; they vow'd to defend the Temple built on or near the holy Sepulchre, and to fight for the Christian Religion, against Pagans and Insidels.

That spacious Wood, which near the Severn lies, I to my Sons in special Trust devize, On the Condition, they a Bedlam build, To be by Mad-men and my Clyents fill'd; Not by the Mad who rave and rage in Straw, But by the frantick Fools that go to Law.

Altho' I leave hot L—h in the Lurch, My Moderation I bequeath the Church, Whose mounting Zeal fatigues the weary Sight,

And lofes Reafon in its hafty Flight.

My equal Justice, and impartial Name,
If I have Right to such a rev'rend Fame,
At my Decease, let C—y Juries claim;
Who once for Innocence did Ill provide,
And gave their Verdict for the strongest Side.
Had they been just,——

Russel had ne'er been from our Wishes torn, But late the Ducal Coronet had worn.

Tis true, his I—b L—p knows the Way
Better than me, and cleaner can convey;
But yet my Skill to his judicious Care,
I leave; tho Præcepts may be useless there,
To one whose Prudence did the Nation blind,
And sunk the Army's P—y, which none could find.

My Wit, by which no Counsel ever gain'd Judicial Furs, or Serjeant's Coif obtain'd; Far from my Friends be the dire Plague remov'd, By idle Fops and needy Poets lov'd:

May Perkin's Slaves that empty Notion share, But never let it breathe the Temple-Air.

May heavy Dulness there unenvy'd reign, A sure Recess, and lasting Seat obtain.

If any Youth to Poetry aspires, With solid Study quench the dangerous Fires;

With grave Attention let the Youngster look and and and O'er all the Pages of my good Lord Cook; Rawleigh's Arraignment, and his Lady Wife; (d) Confirm the prudent Conduct of his Life: From his large Volumes hazy Clouds will rife, And shed thick Vapours on the Student's Eyes. A certain Cure his reverend Tomes are found For Wits poffes'd with Ivy Garlands (e) crown'd. My Honesty (tho' some may think my Store, Perchance, unable to relieve the Poor ) I give my Brothers, who with Fear opprest, Or brib'd, the Laws did to their Faction wrest, And voted hard for taking of the Test. Soft-moving Words, which most ferenely flow, And fall as thick as Winter's feather'd Snow. On my good Friend S-ll, I bestow: With this Assistance, he perchance may bring Forth fuch a Speech as 7- made the King.

(e) The Poets are fometimes crown'd with Ivy, as well as with Bays.

#### A Character of Great Britain. Translated from an ancient German Latin Poet.

Hac tamen Arctois laus est aterna Britannis, &c.

ET this to Britain's lasting Fame be said;
When Barbarous Arms the civil World o'er-spread,
And persecuted Science into Exile sled;
"Twas

<sup>(</sup>d) 'Twas a great Injury to the Character of my Lord Cook, that he us'd Sir Walter Rawleigh ill upon his Tryal.

Twas happy She did all those Arts restore, That Greece or Rome had boasted of before. Nor Learning only, but Religion too, Her Rise and Growth to British Soil does owe.

# In Praise of London. Translated from the Learned Dr. Johnston of St. Andrew's.

Urbs Augusta, cui calumque, folumque, falumque, &c.

Enown'd Augusta, that Sea, Earth, and Sky,
And all the various Elements supply:
No happy Climate breathes a softer Air;
No fertile Lands with greater Plenty bear.
Illustrious Seat of Britain's Prince,
The Nation's Eye, Heart, Spirit, and Defence.
The Men for ancient Valour ever known;
Their Arts and Riches, gain alike Renown.
In short, when all her Glories are survey'd,
It must with Wonder still at last be said,
She makes a World herself, or is the World's great Head.

### Sir Wou'd be thought Great.

BEcause you're courted by the Great, Coach'd with 'em to a Play and Treat, Licens'd and priviledg'd to prate Of Bawdry, and Affairs of State; Don't fancy what they ne'er intend, That one among 'em is your Friend;

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Is,

For you're but just where you began; They love the Jester, not the Man.

#### On a pleasant busy Life.

I OW at my Farm I pass my Time away?
I'll tell thee, Friend; I rise at break of Day;
I say my Pray'rs; order my Household; then
To Field I go, and set to work my Men:
Return'd, I sit to read; at Noon I rise
To walk again, for healthful Exercise.
D'ye ask what Method after this I keep?
I dine, drink, sing, laugh, sup, and so to sleep.
After a sound short Nap, I strike a Light,
And with the merry Muses spend the Night.

#### On Vertue and Vice.

Hat's Vice ? A flatt'ring jilting Whore,
That courts you rich, forfakes you poor:
But Vertue, like a conftant Wife,
Your Friend at first, and Friend for Life.

#### On Worldly Pleasures.

When you have danc'd th' inchanted Round Of Worldly Pleasures, 'twill be found The greatest Pleasure you e'er knew, Is, Worldly Pleasure to subdue.

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#### On Human Passions.

When like a Monarch he may reign?

For fo, when vile Defires rebel,
And when tumultuous Passions swell,

Empire or Bondage you must have,
And either be their King or Slave.

# A Prologue against the French and Italian Singing and Dancing.

N vain we strive, with Poetry and Wit, To win the wayward Judge of Box and Pit. Lee, Shakespear, Otway, now can please no more; L'Epine and Tofts they only will adore. Sense they disclaim, and all Poetick Rage, As bold Intruders on the finking Stage. To t'other House the Cully Audience throng, And pay Extortion for their Harlot-Song. In jarring Recitation they delight, As if to Harmony and Sense they'd equal Spight. Not that in this they really Pleasure find. Any strange Rapture of the Ear or Mind, T' excuse the Folly by the Titilation; But 'tis the Mode; and who'd be out of Fashion, In fo refin'd, and fo well-bred a Nation? Lords, Knights, and 'Squires, Bells, Beaux, and Wits, Fidlers profound, and all Court-aping Cits; Physicians learned, Quacks of high Renown, Bubbles, Sharpers, Cullies, Ladies of the Town; ournyJourny-men Taylors, and Attornies Clerks, The City-Criticks, and the Temple-Sparks. In fhort, The universal Mob, both small and great, In thoughtless Compact, join 'gainst Sense and Wit. Against fo strong a Party, who'd contend? Or hope by Reafon e'er to make 'em mend? When skilful Roscius cannot please the Age? Nor Barry's Actions prop the falling Stage? No longer then to strive with hostile Fate, Or learn the human Mind to imitate; To Arts more taking now we'll all advance, Taught by the Dregs of Italy and France; Each, from his Voice or Heels, shall feek for Pence, And quit to wifer Climates, Wit and Sense: By those we thrive, by these must furely fall; Da Capo, or a Coupee, answers All.

# On Mrs. Cludde walking every Night in St. James's Park.

Appy is the Royal Shade, a stall Blefs'd with fuch a lovely Maid, Where no rival Beauties come, To out-vie Maria's Bloom.

Like the Moon, ferene each Night, She appears as chast and bright; Free, without the least Offence, Guarded by her Innocence.

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III.

And tho' Mankind her Charms adore, She triumphs not amidst her Pow'r; But unconcern'd, her Smiles bestows, And scatters Pleasure as she goes.

### The Rake's Lodging.

L

Ome in, my Dear, and let's lie down;
Tho' I've got ne'er a Sheet,
We'll cuddle close, and all the Night
With equal Flames we'll meet.

II.

We'll wrap our Selves in Vulcan's Net,
And be unkind no more;
With Kiffes I will chide thee then,
For being coy before.

III.

We'll furfeit on the Sweets of Love,
And charm them to a Stay;
We'll close them all within our Breasts,
That none exhale away.

We'll widow the whole World of Love;
No Cupid shall be there,
But what is center'd in your Eyes,
Or fetter'd in your Hair.

And if these Sweets do pall, or sly,
Through Vulcan's Net, away;
We'll be as restless as they are,
As volatile as they.

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We'll be as quick as Air or Light
In Thought and Motion too;
We'll teach the Queen of Love an Art
She never knew 'till now.
VII.

We'll cement both our Souls in one,
And link 'em by a Kifs;
We'll transmigrate our Flesh and Blood
In Extasy of Blifs.

VIII.

O then! in one unalter'd Form We'll both fublist together, Where Pleasures cannot fly away, Nor Auguish reach us thither.

#### Advice to a New-marry'd Friend.

Man grows a tame and quiet Lover:
When Honey-Moon is in the Wain,
Its Joys cannot return again:
When Kiffes cold and faples grow,
And tir'd we are with what we do;
We toil and sweat with endless Pain,
Imaginary Bliss to gain.
Chain'd to the Oar, like Gally-Slaves,
Sometimes we tug gainst Wind and Waves;
And when we've tow'd the best we may do,
We're recompened with Tongue-Strappado.
My dearest Friend, this is thy Fate;
I see thee scratch thy thoughtful Pate;

Cares and Troubles cloud thy Brow, And bending Hams thy Weakness show 3 Unufual Pains thy Back hath feiz'd, And thou'rt grown tir'd with what has pleas'd. Come, flip thy Matrimonial-Fetter; revensed Unbolt thy Shackles, haften hither: Thy priftine Freedom now regain & mome liely Laugh at thy Folly and thy Pain: and Anil bak With Mirth and Wine let us repair in him Il sw Our pensive Troubles, and our Care, and all 'Tis Claret only can createlly The freeft, easiest most Estate an eno mi inenti O Can Sorrows qualh, and give Relief, tod If all In Pressures, both of Pain and Grief. Tis Claret only can defy a rionor alliago A and All the Nuptial-Slavery; Make the Marriage-Halter eafy, And with thousand Joys can please ye. The Soldier, tird with Wounds and Blows, To Quarters of Refreshment goes; Relieves each Want, removes each Pain, And fits himself for next Campaign. The tallest Frigat must careen, and a second world Tallow and wash, e'er sail again; Tackle refit, Sheathing renew; Victual afresh; and so must you. To fome foug private Creek repair, Where Storms are hush'd, and Heavens fair; Where angry Blasts cannot molest thee, Or frowning Billows e'er infest thee: There may you trim, refit, and tallow; (For Land gets Strength by lying fallow.) The Gallopers of Yorkshire-Breed, Renown'd for lovely Shape and Speed,

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Seldom above three Heats will run,
And yet rub down at ev'ry one.
And when these feeble Racers tire,
And Sinews stretch'd, some Rest require:
A Winter's Running will restore
The Speed and Strength they had before.

Remember, Friend, thou ar't no Horse, Yet doom'd to ride an endless Course. Marriage a tedious Race will prove; It ends with Care, and starts with Love: The Rider fuffers in the Courfe, Whilst the rid Jade is ne'er the worse. Hard whipp'd and fpurr'd, from Night to Morn. Like Posts we ride, sometimes with Horn: And when the very best we've done, We feldom win the Race we've run: Whilst we bestride the Fiddle Faddle, We're often Jocky'd out of th' Saddle; Or, if we are Newmarket Switch, We tumble into Devil's Ditch. Thro' Thick and Thin the Bridegroom rides. But all the Odds are on the Bride's.

Consider, Friend, the Course is long; Keep up thy Back with Swaddles strong: Chear up thy Soul with noble Claret, Or right good Nantz, if thou comes near it. Resume thy Pipe, and wonted Freedom; If Women frown, Friend, never heed em: When once they get the upper Hand, And Female-Monarch gives Command, Nothing can that great Pow'r withstand. Keep up thy Soul, thy Courage show; Let Rib its Place and Distance know.

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The Woman wears the crooked Part;
Much Good may't do her, with all my Heart.
Our Ribs by Nature were design'd
To guard the Heart, and not the Mind:
From Head they're in due Distance plac'd,
Their true Position near the Waste.
Ah! would they their Submission know,
Why Nature rangeth them below;
That crooked Part, which doward reaches,
Durst never struggle for the Breeches.

Thy Birth-right Breeches, Lad, maintain,
The proper Garniture of Men.
The Hen-peck'd Fool raifes my Passion;
He is a Scandal to the Nation;

A Scorn to Angels, Man's Reverse,
A Woman's Slave, a dismal Curse.
Marriage was not by God design'd
T' enslave the Freedom of Mankind;
To cramp our Liberties and Powers,
And hamper us like evil Doers.

Man rules, and should the S—r sway, Whilst the Meet-help ought to obey. What if a cross-grain'd, peevish Wife, Becomes the Settlement of Life;

A Whore unconstant to thy Bed; A Remedy may foon be had.

Send her to Bristol, to Ned Granger,
For best Virginia he'll exchange her.
Two Hogsheads for a lusty Jade;

And thus Ned drives an honest Trade; Our Chains and Bondage does remove, And all th' Incumb'rances of Love; Takes off these heavy Clogs of Life,

The Whore, the Slut, th' imperious Wife;

And

And for those dismal Pains, which grieve us, Gives us Tobacco to relieve us.

Divine Tobacco! which gives Ease To all our Pains and Miferies; Composes Thought, makes Minds fedate, Adds Gravity to Church and State; Courted by Kings, and Men of Conscience, The Throne's Perfume, the Al—r's Incense: Arch-Bishops, Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, Most rev'rently can fire their Beacons. When Rheums, Catarrhs, and Colds, molest us, Doctor Tobacco must affist us. Divine Tobacco! Indian G-d! The Courtier's Feast, the poor Man's Food; In Summer cool, in Winter warm, Julep and Cordial for each Harm; The mighty Sums thou do'ft advance, Will one Day help to conquer France, And import Claret, and true Nantz.

And now, my Friend, all Joys attend you; Pardon the Trouble which I fend you: Keep up thy Courage, chear thy Soul; Love Moll, but let her not controul. What if she whine, shed Tears, and frown; Laugh at her Folly, she'll have done: Never dry up her Tears with Kisses, The more she Cries, the less she P——s.

Friend, when you have a little Leisure,
And would enjoy true solid Pleasure,
Shake off thy Collar, and thy Fetters;
(None lie in Goal, but Thieves and Debtors.)
Come, take a Bottle; never fear;
I'll ease thy Thoughts, remove thy Care.
I'll Lectures give of Minth and Freedom,
Shall do thee good, if thou will't read 'em.

On

And

# On the Death of a Lady's Nighting gail, in the beginning of Winter.

Rpheus is gone again to Hell, But in the Shape of Philomel. What shall we say? Doth Musick die? Then we have loft our Harmony. There is no Concord to be found, But in the Eccho's of her Sound. The Soul of Mulick then is fled, And fings loft Mulick to the Dead; Whose hapless Fate each widow'd Thorn. On which the lay diher Breaft, doth mourn. Look on the Fields, and there you'll fee Each Hedge is bald for want of thee. The harmless Thorns, on which thou sate, Have dropt their Leaves, mourning thy Fate. The tender Herb is wither'd quite; Th' enamour'd Sun hath loft its Sight; The doleful Clouds do drop down Show'rs. And all bedew thy lonely Bow'rs: The ravish'd Night, with angry Brow. Puts on her fable Garments now: The Summer, that adorns the Day, Soon heard the News, and fled away; And Winter, with its hoary Head, Would have renew'd thy dying Bed, And periwig'd the mournful Thorn; But that the Sun took it in Scorn, And coming with revengeful Day, Melted the Vizard-Mask away.

# I N I S.

